

s4191-02-U

#### SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

[Docket No: SSA-2020-0044]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Request and Comment Request The Social Security Administration (SSA) publishes a list of information collection packages requiring clearance by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with Public Law 104-13, the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, effective October 1, 1995. This notice includes revisions of OMB-approved information collections.

SSA is soliciting comments on the accuracy of the agency's burden estimate; the need for the information; its practical utility; ways to enhance its quality, utility, and clarity; and ways to minimize burden on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Mail, email, or fax your comments and recommendations on the information collection(s) to the OMB Desk Officer and SSA Reports Clearance Officer at the following addresses or fax numbers.

(OMB)

Office of Management and Budget

Attn: Desk Officer for SSA

Fax: 202-395-6974

Email address: OIRA Submission@omb.eop.gov

(SSA)

Social Security Administration, OLCA

Attn: Reports Clearance Director

3100 West High Rise

6401 Security Blvd.

Baltimore, MD 21235

Fax: 410-966-2830

Email address: OR.Reports.Clearance@ssa.gov

Or you may submit your comments online through *www.regulations.gov*, referencing Docket ID Number [SSA-2020-0044].

- The information collections below are pending at SSA. SSA will submit them to OMB within 60 days from the date of this notice. To be sure we consider your comments, we must receive them no later than [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER]. Individuals can obtain copies of the collection instruments by writing to the above email address.
  - 1. Statement of Income and Resources -- 20 CFR 416.207, 416.301-416.310, 416.704, and 416.708 -- 0960-0124. SSA collects information about income and resources for Supplemental Security Income (SSI) claims and redeterminations on the SSA-8010-BK. SSA uses the information to make initial or continuing eligibility determinations for SSI claimants or recipients who are subject to deeming. The respondents are

people whose income and resources SSA may deem (consider to be available) to SSI applicants or recipients.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Modality of Completion	Number of Respondents	Frequency of Response	Average Burden per Response (minutes)	Estimated Total Annual Burden (hours)	Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)*	Average Wait Time in Field Office (minutes) **	Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars) ***
SSA-8010-BK (Intranet)	1,855,340	1	20	618,447	\$10.73*	24**	\$14,599,056***
SSA-8010-BK (Paper)	61,380	1	20	20,460	\$10.73*	24**	\$482,979***
Totals	1,916,720			638,907			\$15,082,035***

<sup>\*</sup> We based this figure on average DI payments based on SSA's current FY 2020 data (https://www.ssa.gov/legislation/2020Fact%20Sheet.pdf).

- \*\*We based this figure on the average FY 2020 wait times for field offices, based on our current management information data.
- \*\*\*This figure does not represent actual costs that we are imposing on recipients of Social Security payments to complete this application; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the application. There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the application.
- 2. Request for Evidence from Doctor and Request for Evidence from Hospital -- 20 CFR 404.401-404.1599 and 20 CFR 416.901-416.99(d) -- 0960-0722. Sections 223(d)(5) and 1614(a)(3)(H)(i) of the Social Security Act (Act) require claimants to furnish medical evidence of their disability when filing a disability claim. SSA uses Forms HA-66 and HA-67 to

request evidence from medical sources, which claimants identify as having information relative to their impairments, or ability to do work-related activities. In addition to accepting manual paper responses, SSA sends a barcode with the HA-66 and HA-67, allowing respondents to fax the information directly into the electronic claims folder rather than submitting it manually. SSA uses the information to determine eligibility for benefits, and to pay medical sources for furnishing the information. The respondents are medical sources, doctors, and hospitals that evaluate the claimants.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Modality of Completion	Number of Respondents	Frequency of Response	Total Response	Average Burden per Response (minutes)	Estimated Total Annual Burden (hours)	Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)*	Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)**
HA-66 –	3,060	22	67,320	15	16,830	\$40.21	\$676,734**
Paper							
Version							
HA-66 –	8,940	22	196,680	15	49,170	\$40.21	\$1,977,126**
Electronic							
Version							
(ERE or							
barcode)							
HA-67 –	3,060	22	67,320	15	16,830	\$40.21	\$676,734**
Paper							
Version							
HA-67 –	8,940	22	196,680	15	49,170	\$40.21	\$1,977,126**
Electronic							
Version							
(ERE or							
barcode)							
Totals	24,000		528,000		132,000		\$5,307,720**

- \* We based this figures on average on medical sources and doctor's salaries, as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data (https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes290000.htm).
- \*\* This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on recipients of Social Security payments to complete this application; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the application. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1001/journal.org/">There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the application</a>.

## 3. Social Security's Public Credentialing and Authentication Process -- 20 CFR 401.45 and 402 -- 0960-0789.

#### Background

Authentication is the foundation for secure, online transactions. Identity authentication is the process of determining, with confidence, that someone is who he or she claims to be during a remote, automated session. It comprises three distinct factors: something you know; something you have; and something you are. Single-factor authentication uses one of the factors, and multi-factor authentication uses two or more of the factors.

#### SSA's Public Credentialing and Authentication Process

SSA offers consistent authentication across SSA's secured online services.

We allow our users to request and maintain only one User ID, consisting of a self-selected username and password, to access multiple Social Security electronic services. Designed in accordance with the OMB Memorandum

M-04-04 and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800-63, this process provides the means of authenticating users of our secured electronic services and streamlines access to those services.

SSA's public credentialing and authentication process:

- Issues a single User ID to anyone who wants to do business with the agency and meets the eligibility criteria;
- Partners with an external Identity Services Provider (ISP) to help us verify the identity of our online customers;
- Complies with relevant standards;
- Offers access to some of SSA's heaviest, but more sensitive,
   workloads online while providing a high level of confidence in the
   identity of the person requesting access to these services;
- Offers an in-person process for those who are uncomfortable with or unable to use the Internet process;
- Balances security with ease of use; and
- Provides a user-friendly way for the public to conduct extended business with us online instead of visiting local servicing offices or requesting information over the phone. Individuals have real-time access to their Social Security information in a safe and secure web environment.

**Public Credentialing and Authentication Process Features** 

We collect and maintain the users' personally identifiable information (PII) in our Central Repository of Electronic Authentication Data Master File Privacy Act system of records, which we published in the Federal Register (75 F.R. 79065). The PII may include the users' name; address; date of birth; Social Security number (SSN); phone number; and other types of identity information [e.g., address information of persons from the W-2 and Schedule Self Employed forms we receive electronically for our programmatic purposes as permitted by 26 U.S.C. 6103(l)(1)(A)]. We may also collect knowledge-based authentication data, which is information users establish with us or that we already maintain in our existing Privacy Act systems of records.

We retain the data necessary to administer and maintain our e-Authentication infrastructure. This includes management and profile information, such as blocked accounts; failed access data; effective date of passwords; and other data allowing us to evaluate the system's effectiveness. The data we maintain also may include archived transaction data and historical data.

We use the information from this collection to identity proof and authenticate our users online, and to allow them access to their personal information from our records. We also use this information to provide second factor authentication. We are committed to expanding and improving this process so we can grant access to additional online services in the future.

Offering online services is not only an important part of meeting SSA's goals, but is vital to good public service. In increasing numbers, the public expects to conduct complex business over the Internet. Ensuring SSA's online services are both secure and user-friendly is our priority.

We awarded a competitively bid contract to an ISP, Equifax¹, to help us verify the identity of our online customers. We use this ISP, in addition to our other authentication methods, to help us prove, or verify, the identity of our customers when they are completing online or electronic transactions with us.

#### Social Security's Authentication Strategy

We remain committed to enhancing our online services using authentication processes that balance usability and security. We will continue to research and develop new authentication tools while monitoring the emerging threats.

The following are key components of our authentication strategy:

- Enrollment and Identity Verification Individuals who meet the following eligibility requirements may enroll:
  - Must have a valid email address;
  - o Must have a valid Social Security number (SSN);
  - Must have a domestic address of record (includes military addresses); and

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Equifax is a global information solutions provider. Equifax's solutions help Social Security to manage risk and mitigate fraud.

o Must be at least 18 years of age.

We collect identifying data and use SSA and ISP records to verify an individual's identity. Individuals have the option of obtaining an enhanced, stronger, User ID by providing certain financial information (e.g., Medicare wages, self-employed earnings, or the last eight digits of a credit card number) for verification. We also ask individuals to answer out-of-wallet questions so we can further verify their identities. Individuals who are unable to complete the process online can present identification at a field office to obtain a User ID.

- Establishing the User Profile The individual self-selects a
  username and password, both of which can be of variable length
  and alphanumeric. We provide a password strength indicator to
  help the individual select a strong password. We also ask the
  individual to choose challenge questions for use in restoring a lost
  or forgotten username or password.
- Provide a Second Factor We ask the individual to provide a text message enabled cell phone number or an email address. We consider the cell phone number or email address the second factor of authentication. We send a security code to the individual's selected second factor. We require the individual to confirm its receipt by entering the security code online. Subsequently, each time the individual attempts to sign in to his or her online account,

we will also send a message with a one-time security code to the individual's selected second factor. The individual must enter the security code along with his or her username and password. The code is valid for only 10 minutes. If the individual does not enter the code within 10 minutes, the code expires, and the individual must request another code.

- Enhancing the User ID If individuals opt to enhance or upgrade their User IDs, they must provide certain financial information for verification. We mail a one-time-use upgrade code to the individual's verified residential address. When the individual receives the upgrade code in the mail, he or she can enter this code online to enhance the security of the account. With extra security, we continue to require the individuals to sign in using their username, password, and a one-time security code we send to their second factor email address or cell phone number (whichever the users listed in their account).
- individual with a User ID for access to our sensitive online Social Security services. Second factor authentication requires the individual to sign in with a username, password, and a one-time security code sent to the individual's selected second factor. SSA expanded its existing capabilities to require second factor authentication for every online sign in. We also allow for

maintenance of the second factor options. An individual who forgets the password can reset it automatically without contacting SSA.

#### **Social Security's Enrollment Process**

The enrollment process is a one-time only activity. SSA requires the individuals to agree to the "Terms of Service" detailed on our website before we allow them to begin the enrollment process. The "Terms of Service" inform the individuals what we will and will not do with their personal information, and the privacy and security protections we provide on all data we collect. These terms also detail the consequences of misusing this service.

To verify the individual's identity, we ask the individual to give us minimal personal information, which may include:

- Name;
- SSN;
- Date of birth;
- Address mailing and residential;
- Telephone number;
- Email address;
- Financial information;
- Cell phone number; and
- Selecting and answering password reset questions.

We send a subset of this information to the ISP, who then generates a series of out-of-wallet questions back to the individual. The individual must answer all or most of the questions correctly before continuing in the process. The exact questions generated are unique to each individual. This collection of information, or a subset of it, is mandatory for respondents who want to do business with SSA via the Internet. We collect this information via the Internet, on SSA's public-facing website. We also offer an in-person identification verification process for individuals who cannot, or are not willing, to register online. For this process, the individual must go to a local SSA field office and provide identifying information. We do not ask for financial information with the in-person process.

We only collect the identity verification information one time, when the individual registers for a credential. We ask for the User ID (username and password) every time an individual signs in to our automated services. If individuals opt for the enhanced or upgraded account, they also either receive an email message or a text message on their cell phones (this serves as the second factor for authentication) each time they sign in.

The respondents are individuals who choose to use the Internet or Automated Telephone Response System to conduct business with SSA.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Modality of Completion	Number of Respondents	Frequency of Response	Average Burden Per Response (minutes)	Estimated Total Annual Burden (hours)	Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)*	Average Wait Time in Field Office (minutes)**	Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)***
Internet	7,875,448	1	8	1,050,060	\$25.72*		\$27,007,543***
Registration							
Internet	53,985,814	1	1	899,764	\$25.72*		\$23,141,930***
Sign-Ins							
Intranet	2,295,983	1	8	306,131	\$25.72*	24**	\$31,494,757***
Registration							
(RCS)							
Totals	64,157,245			2,255,955			\$81,644,230***

<sup>\*</sup>We based this figures on average U.S. citizen's hourly salary, as reported

by Bureau of Labor Statistics data

(https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes\_stru.htm).

\*\*We based this figure on the average FY 2020 wait times for field offices, based on our current management information data.

\*\*\*This figure does not represent actual costs that we are imposing on recipients of Social Security payments to complete this application; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the application. There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the application.

II. SSA submitted the information collections below to OMB for clearance.
Your comments regarding these information collections would be most useful if OMB and SSA receive them 30 days from the date of this publication. To be sure we consider your comments, we must receive them no later than
INSERT DATE 30 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE

**FEDERAL REGISTER**]. Individuals can obtain copies of these OMB clearance packages by writing to OR.Reports.Clearance@ssa.gov.

1. Letter to Landlord Requesting Rental Information -- 20 CFR 416.1130(b) -- 0960-0454. SSA uses Form SSA-L5061 to obtain rental subsidy information, which enables SSA to determine and verify an income value for such subsidies. SSA uses this income value as part of determining eligibility for SSI and the correct amount of SSI payable to the claimant. SSA bases an individual's eligibility for SSI payments, in part, on the amount of countable income the individual receives. Income includes in-kind support and maintenance in the form of room or rent, such as a subsidized rental arrangement. SSA requires claimants to assist in obtaining this information to prevent a delay or overpayment with their SSI payments. We collect this information only if the SSI applicant or recipient is the parent or child of the landlord (respondent). For most respondents, we collect this information once per year or less, via telephone or face-to-face personal interview. The claims representative records the information in our SSI Claims System, and we require verbal attestation in lieu of a wet signature. However, if the claims representative is unable to contact the respondent via the telephone or face-to-face, we print and mail a paper form to the respondent for completion. The respondent completes, signs, and returns the form to the claims representative. Upon receipt, the claims representative documents the

information in the SSI Claims System or, for non-SSI Claims System cases, faxes the form into the appropriate electronic folder and shreds the paper form. The respondents are landlords related to the SSI beneficiaries as a parent or child.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Modality of Completion	Number of Respondents	Frequency of Response	Average Burden per Response (minutes)	Estimated Total Annual Burden (hours)	Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)*	Average Wait Time in Field Office (minutes) **	Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)***
SSA-L5061	71,280	1	10	11,880	\$25.72*	24**	\$1,038,883***

<sup>\*</sup> We based this figure on average U.S. worker's hourly wages, as reported by Bureau of Labor Statistics data

(https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes\_nat.htm).

- \*\* We based this figure on the average FY 2020 wait times for field offices, based on SSA's current management information data.
- \*\*\* This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on recipients of Social Security payments to complete this application; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the application. There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the application.

### 2. Marital Relationship Questionnaire -- 20 CFR 416.1826 -- 0960-0460.

SSA uses Form SSA-4178, Marital Relationship Questionnaire, to determine if unrelated individuals of the opposite sex who live together are misrepresenting themselves as husband and wife. SSA needs this

information to determine whether we are making correct payments to couples and individuals applying for, or currently receiving, SSI Income payments. The respondents are applicants for, and recipients of, SSI payments.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Modality of Completion	Number of Respondents	Frequency of Response	Average Burden per Response (minutes)	Estimated Total Annual Burden (hours)	Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)*	Average Wait Time in Field Office (minutes) **	Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)***
SSI Claims	1,275	1	5	106	\$10.73*	24**	\$6,609***
System							
SSA-4178	3,825	1	5	319	\$10.73*	24**	\$19,840***
Totals	5,100			425			\$26,449***

<sup>\*</sup> We based this figure on average DI payments based on SSA's current

FY 2020 data (https://www.ssa.gov/legislation/2020Fact%20Sheet.pdf).

- \*\* We based this figure on the average FY 2020 wait times for field offices, based on SSA's current management information data.
- \*\*\* This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on recipients of Social Security payments to complete this application; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents will spend to complete the application. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1001/journal.org/">There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the application</a>.
- 3. Questionnaire for Children Claiming SSI Benefits -- 20 CFR
  416.912(a) -- 0960-0499. Sections 1614 and 1631 of the Act allows SSA to determine the eligibility of an applicant's claim for SSI payments.
  Parents or legal guardians seeking to obtain or retain SSI eligibility for

their children use Form SSA-3881-BK to provide SSA with the addresses of non-medical sources such as schools, counselors, agencies, organizations, or therapists who would have information about a child's functioning. SSA uses this information to help determine a child's claim or continuing eligibility for SSI. The respondents are the parents, guardians, or other caretakers of: (1) applicants who appeal SSI childhood disability decisions; or (2) recipients undergoing a continuing disability review.

Type of Request: Revision of an OMB-approved information collection.

Modality of Completion	Number of Respondents	Frequency of Response	Average Burden per Response (minutes)	Estimated Total Annual Burden (hours)	Average Theoretical Hourly Cost Amount (dollars)*	Average Wait Time in Field Office (minutes) **	Total Annual Opportunity Cost (dollars)***
SSA-3881-BK (Paper Version)	81,250	1	30	40,625	\$25.72*	24**	\$1,880,775***
SSA-3881-BK (Intranet Version)	43,750	1	30	21,875	\$25.72*		\$562,625***
Totals	125,000			62,500			\$2,443,400***

<sup>\*</sup> We based this figure on average U.S. worker's hourly wages, as reported

by Bureau of Labor Statistics data

(https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes nat.htm).

\*\* We based this figure on the average FY 2020 wait times for field offices, based on SSA's current management information data.

\*\*\* This figure does not represent actual costs that SSA is imposing on recipients of Social Security payments to complete this application; rather, these are theoretical opportunity costs for the additional time respondents

# will spend to complete the application. There is no actual charge to respondents to complete the application.

Dated: August 25, 2020.	
	Faye Lipsky,
	Director,
	Office of Regulations and Reports
	Clearance,

Social Security Administration.

[FR Doc. 2020-18943 Filed: 8/27/2020 8:45 am; Publication Date: 8/28/2020]